Numb. 6643.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday January 20. to Tuesday January 23. 1727.

St. James's, January 23.

THE following Addreſs having been tranſmitted to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to His Majeſty, who was pleaſed to receive it very graciouſly.

The humble Addreſs of William Mathew, your Majeſty's Lieutenant General and Commander in Chief of your Leeward Charibbee-Iſlands (at preſent reſiding in St. Chriſtopher's), of your Majeſty's Preſident and Council of that Iſland, and of all the principal Inhabitants there, aſſembled to proclaim your Royal Majeſty at your Fortreſs of Brimſtone-Hill.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commander in Chief of your Leeward Charibbee-Iſlands, the Preſident and Council of your Iſland of St. Chriſtopher's, and the reſt of the principal Inhabitants, humbly pray Leave to approach your ſacred Majeſty, ſorrowful as we are, for the Death of our late moſt glorious and gracious Sovereign.

Our Grief would be heavier than we ſhould be able to bear, but that your Majeſty's peaceable and happy Acceſſion to the Throne of your Royal Anceſtors, relieves us under it; and our faithful Hearts are filled with Gratitude and Thankfulneſs to Heaven, that by giving and preſerving to us your Majeſty, has taken us effectually into its peculiar Care, and made us ſtill a happy People, under a moſt glorious and gracious Sovereign. This Bleſſing we hope and fervently wiſh will be many Years continued to us, through a very long and very happy Reign of your Majeſty over us, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects.

Paris, Jan. 24, *N. S.* By Letters from Vienna of the 10th Inſtant, we have received the following Account from the Ottoman Port.

Conſtantinople, Nov. 29, *N. S.* An Ambaſſadour from Eſchreff the preſent Poſſeſſor of the Throne of Perſia, having in his Return from hence been detained by Achmet Baſha of Babylon, with a View of making Peace; and a Negociation being carried on between them ſome Time, without being able to agree upon the Terms; the Baſha at laſt drew his Army together near Hemedan, and got every thing ready for a March; then he called a Divan or great Council, and laid before them certain Offers of Peace made to him by the ſaid Ambaſſadour, about which he asked their Opinion. In that Council it was unanimouſly reſolved to inſiſt on the four following Articles, over and above the *uti poſſidetis* (or what each Party ſtood then poſſeſſed of) which was underſtood to be the Baſis of the Treaty. 1. That Huveiſc or the ancient Suza, be yielded up to the Port. 2. That Casbin be likewiſe yielded to them. 3. That all the Artillery and Ammunition taken from the Turks in the laſt Year's Battle, be intirely reſtored. And 4. That ſome Allowance be made for the Expences of the War. Upon theſe Conditions it was agreed to make Peace; but if Eſchreff's Ambaſſadour refuſed to grant them, it was reſolved that the Army ſhould forthwith march to Iſpahan. And Achmet Baſha took that Occaſion to declare, that he was reſolved to conquer or periſh in the Attempt, telling them, that he held his Life only by the Grand Signior's particular Grace and Favour, ſince he had already forfeited it by having loſt laſt Year's Battle, and was determined to waſh out that Stain, either with his own Blood, or that of his Enemies. Eſchreff's Ambaſſadour being acquainted with theſe Reſolutions anſwered, that he had no Power to grant any thing beyond the *uti poſſidetis*; but ſeeing the Turkiſh Army actually preparing to march, he deſired ſome Time to acquaint his Maſter with theſe Demands and receive new Inſtructions; which Achmet Baſha at firſt refuſed to grant, ſuppoſing it to be only an Artifice to delay his March; but upon his ſolemn ſwearing by the Alcoran, that he had no other View in asking this Delay, than to promote the Peace, and obtain new Orders from his Maſter about theſe Demands, Time was given him to diſpatch a Courier, who ſoon returned with Eſchreff's Anſwer, by which he agreed to yield up Huveiſc as was demanded,